

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS ENGAGEMENT TO AUDIT THE PERRY COUNTY FISCAL COURT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998

EDWARD B. HATCHETT, JR. AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS WWW.KYAUDITOR.NET

144 CAPITOL ANNEX FRANKFORT, KY 40601 TELE. (502) 564-5841 FAX (502) 564-2912

CONTENTS	PAGE
001112112	11102

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
PERRY COUNTY OFFICIALS	3
STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS	7
STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES	12
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	15
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL OPERATING REVENUE	25
SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE	28
COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES	45
SCHEDULE OF UNBUDGETED EXPENDITURES	61
REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON WORK PERFORMED	65
COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	71



Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Paul E. Patton, Governor
John P. McCarty, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Mike Haydon, Secretary, Revenue Cabinet
Honorable Denny Ray Noble, Perry County Judge/Executive
Honorable Sherman Neace, Former Perry County Judge/Executive
Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We were engaged to audit the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balances arising from cash transactions of Perry County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 1998, and the related statement of cash receipts, cash disbursements, and changes in cash balances for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Perry County Fiscal Court.

While fieldwork on this audit was being conducted, the former County Judge/Executive was indicted in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Kentucky, on five counts of mail fraud and five counts of money laundering. Subsequently, he was convicted of one count of mail fraud, and received 15 months of imprisonment.

Because the above charges grew out of his position as County Judge/Executive, and due to his key role in the Fiscal Court's control environment, accounting operations, and financial reporting functions, we are unable to rely on representations made by him. The Fiscal Court also has serious weaknesses in the design and operation of its system of internal controls which may affect the completeness and the accuracy of the financial statements.

Additionally, we were unable to obtain written representation from members of management as required by generally accepted auditing standards. Because of the possible effect on the financial statements of the matters described above, we were unable to express, and we do not express, an opinion on the financial statements.

Perry County, Kentucky is required to prepare its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrated compliance with the cash basis and laws of Kentucky. Consequently, certain revenues and the related assets would be recognized when received rather than when earned, and certain expenses would be recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. The cash basis accounting system does not require an entity to maintain a general fixed asset group or a general long-term debt group of accounts.

We have also issued a separate report dated January 31, 2000, on our consideration of Perry County, Kentucky's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, and internal control over financial reporting.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Paul E. Patton, Governor
John P. McCarty, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Mike Haydon, Secretary, Revenue Cabinet
Honorable Denny Ray Noble, Perry County Judge/Executive
Honorable Sherman Neace, Former Perry County Judge/Executive
Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

This report, upon release by the Auditor of Public Accounts, is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Respectfully submitted,
Sel Charlier

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - January 31, 2000

PERRY COUNTY OFFICIALS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998

Sherman Neace County Judge/Executive

John Mark Barger County Attorney
Clarence Howard County Clerk

Chester Jones Circuit Court Clerk

John Leslie Burgett Sheriff
McClee Feltner Jailer

John Frank Gross Property Valuation Administrator

Estill Neace County Treasurer

Jimmy Maggard Coroner

Johnny Blair Magistrate

Freddy Combs Magistrate

Denny Ray Noble Magistrate

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 1998

Assets and Other Resources

Assets

General Fund:	
Cash	\$ 49,243
Road and Bridge Fund:	
Cash	90,324
Jail Fund:	
Cash	2,451
Jail Commissary Fund:	
Cash	401
Local Government Economic Assistance Fund:	
Cash	93,454
E-911Fund:	
Cash	26,287
Transient Tax Fund:	
Cash	8,631
Forestry Fund:	
Cash	2,641
Due From Transient Tax Fund (Note 5B)	53
Community Development Block Grant Fund:	
Cash	22,810
Local Government Economic Development Fund:	
Note Receivable (Note 4A)	900,000
Note Receivable (Note 4B)	900,000
Area Development Fund:	
Cash	6
Public Properties Corporation Fund:	
Cash (Note 10)	588,432
Due From General Fund (Note 5A)	27,660
Note Receivable (Note 4C)	3,739,585
Retirement Account - Cash	3

27,660

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 1998 (Continued)

<u>Total Assets and Other Resources</u> (Continued)

Other Resources

General Fund:		
Amounts to be Provided in Future Years for Kentucky Association		
of Counties Capital Lease Obligations:		
Lease Principal Payments - Voting Machines (Note 7A)	\$	139,000
Lease Principal Payments - Ambulance (Note 7B)		82,000
Amounts to be Provided in Future Years for Kentucky Area		
Development District Financing Trust:		
Lease Principal Payments (Note 7C)		1,930,000
Public Properties Corporation Fund:		
Amounts to be Provided in Future Years for Bond Payments (Note 6)		2,155,000
Total Assets and Other Resources	\$_	10,757,981
Liabilities and Fund Balances		
And the same of th		
<u>Liabilities</u>		
General Fund:		
Unpaid Obligations (Note 8)	\$	706,855
Note Payable (Note 5C)		57,000
Capital Lease Obligations-Principal Payments		
Voting Machine (Note 7A)		139,000
Ambulance (Note 7B)		82,000
Kentucky Area Development District Financing Trust (Note 7C)		1,930,000

Road Fund:

Unpaid Obligations (Note 8) 10,794

Due to Perry County Public Properties Corporation Fund (Note 5A)

Jail Fund:

Unpaid Obligations (Note 8) 16,402

Local Government Economic Assistance:

Unpaid Obligations (Note 8) 3,235

Transient Tax Fund:

Due to Forestry Fund (Note 5B) 53

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM CASH TRANSACTIONS

June 30, 1998 (Continued)

<u>Liabilities</u> (Continued)

Local Economic Development Fund: Deferred Revenue (Note 4A)	\$	900,000
Deferred Revenue (Note 4B)		900,000
Public Properties Corporation Fund:		
Bonds Not Matured (Note 6)		2,155,000
Deferred Revenue (Note 4C)		3,739,585
Retirement Account		3
Fund Balances		
Reserved:		401
Jail Commissary Fund		401
E-911 Fund		26,287
Transient Tax Fund		8,578
Forestry Fund		2,694
Community Development Block Grant Fund		22,810
Area Development Fund		6
Public Properties Corporation Fund (Note 10)		616,092
Unreserved:		
General Fund		(742,272)
Road Fund		79,530
Jail Fund		(13,951)
Local Government Economic Assistance Fund		90,219
	-	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	10,757,981



STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998

Cash Receipts	(M	Cotals Memorandum General Only) Fund			Road and Bridge Fund		Jail Fund	d
Schedule of Operating Revenue Transfers In	\$	6,183,645 1,101,997	\$	1,974,213	\$	976,442	\$	176,103 355,500
Kentucky Advance Revenue Program Lease-Purchase Proceeds		1,196,595 1,929,292		1,014,350 1,929,292		182,245		
Jail Commissary Fund Receipts		665					· 	
Total Cash Receipts	\$	10,412,194	\$	4,917,855	\$	1,158,687	\$	531,603
Cash Disbursements								
Comparative Schedule of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures Schedule of Unbudgeted Expenditures	\$	5,681,146 153,174	\$	1,553,888	\$	955,185	\$	532,755
Schedule of Other Expenditures		133,174						
Transfers Out		1,101,997		477,604				
Borrowed Money Repaid		2,229,894		1,857,188				
Kentucky Advance Revenue Program		1 106 505		1.014.250		100.045		
Principal Repaid Capital Lease Payments		1,196,595 36,000		1,014,350 18,000		182,245		
Jail Commissary Fund Expenditures		946		10,000				
van Commissary Fana Emperatores		710						
Total Cash Disbursements	\$	10,399,752	\$	4,921,030	\$	1,137,430	\$	532,755
Excess (Deficiency) of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements	\$	12,442	\$	(3,175)	\$	21,257	\$	(1,152)
Cash Balance-July 1, 1997*		872,238		52,418		69,067		3,603
Cash Balance-June 30, 1998* (Note 10)	\$	884,680	\$	49,243	\$	90,324	\$	2,451

^{*} Cash Balance Includes Investments

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998 (Continued)

Jail Commissary Fund	Local Government Economic Assistance Fund	E-911 Fund	Transient Tax Fund	Forestry Fund	Community Development Block Grant Buckhorn Water Project Fund
\$	\$ 1,518,447 312,446	\$ 275,498	\$	\$ 6,120	\$ 512,465
665					
\$ 665	\$ 1,830,893	\$ 275,498	\$ 0	\$ 6,120	\$ 512,465
\$	\$ 1,360,673 434,051	\$ 415,047	\$ 14,662	\$ 5,783	\$ 828,436
946_	18,000				
\$ 946	\$ 1,812,724	\$ 415,047	\$ 14,662	\$ 5,783	\$ 828,436
\$ (281) . 682	\$ 18,169 75,285	\$ (139,549) 165,836	\$ (14,662)	\$ 337 2,304	\$ (315,971)
\$ 401	\$ 93,454	\$ 26,287	\$ 8,631	\$ 2,641	\$ 22,810

PERRY COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998 (Continued)

<u>Cash Receipts</u>	Local Government Economic Development Multi-County Fund		Development ment Perry County		Perry County Area Development Fund			perties poration
Schedule of Operating Revenue Transfers In Kentucky Advance Revenue Program Lease-Purchase Proceeds Jail Commissary Fund Receipts	\$	14,717	\$	549,658	\$	34	\$	179,948 434,051
Total Cash Receipts	\$	14,717	\$	549,658	\$	34	\$	613,999
Cash Disbursements								
Comparative Schedule of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures Schedule of Unbudgeted Expenditures Schedule of Other Expenditures Transfers Out Borrowed Money Repaid Kentucky Advance Revenue Program Principal Repaid Capital Lease Payments Jail Commissary Fund Expenditures	\$	14,717	\$	190,342 360,000	\$	2,792	\$	150,382 12,706
Total Cash Disbursements	\$	14,717	\$	550,342	\$	2,792	\$	163,088
Excess (Deficiency) of Cash Receipts Over (Under) Cash Disbursements	\$	0	\$	(684)	\$	(2,758)	\$	450,911
Cash Balance-July 1, 1997*				684		2,764		137,521
Cash Balance-June 30, 1998* (Note 10)	\$	0	\$	0		6	<u>\$</u>	588,432 Note 10)

^{*} Cash Balance Includes Investments

PERRY COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 1998

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Perry County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Based upon the criteria stated in GASB 14, management has included the Perry County Public Properties Corporation and the jail commissary fund as part of the reporting entity. However, we did not evaluate other potential component units for inclusion in our audit report.

B. Fund Accounting

Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. The government uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

C. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements were prepared on a cash basis of accounting pursuant to Kentucky Revised Statute (KRS) 68.210 as recommended by the State Local Finance Officer. Consequently, certain revenues and related assets are recognized when received rather than when earned, and certain expenses are recognized when paid rather than when a liability is incurred. The cash basis accounting system does not require an entity to maintain a general fixed asset group or a general long-term debt group of accounts.

D. Legal Compliance - Budget

The Perry County budget is adopted on a cash basis of accounting and laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in bank accounts, and investments are stated at cost. Investments may include certificates of deposit on the financial statements; however, for the purpose of disclosing credit risk (Note 3), investments exclude certificates of deposit.

Note 1. (Continued)

E. Cash and Investments (Continued)

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a multiple-employer public retirement system which covers all eligible full-time employees. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 8.65 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is present in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

The county maintains deposits with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). According to law, the depository institution should pledge sufficient securities as collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge of securities should be evidenced by an agreement that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. As of June 30, 1998, the bank balances were fully insured or collateralized with securities held by the county's agent in the county's name. However, as of August 13, 1997, the uncollateralized amount on deposit was \$428,816. The pledged securities and FDIC insurance did not equal or exceed the amount on deposit. In addition, the county did not have a written agreement with the depository institution.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The county's deposits are categorized below to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the county as of August 13, 1997.

	Bank	Balance
Collateralized with securities held by pledging depository institution in the county's name	\$	750,000
Uncollateralized and uninsured		428,816
Total	\$	1,178,816

Note 4. Receivables

A) Economic Development Bond Grant Receivable

The county loaned \$1,000,000 to Trus Joist MacMillian on December 30, 1996 for the purpose of defraying the cost of acquisition and off-site development of a manufacturing facility. Terms of the agreement stipulate a ten-year repayment schedule with a zero percent interest rate. The agreement provides that ten percent of the loan, or \$100,000, shall be forgiven on December 30 of each year as long as the company maintains the appropriate level of job requirements. Trus Joist MacMillian is in substantial compliance with the terms of the agreement. As of June 30, 1998, the principal balance due was \$900,000.

B) Multi County Economic Development Bond Grant Receivable

The county loaned \$1,000,000 to Trus Joist MacMillian on December 30, 1996 for the purpose of reimbursing the cost of acquisition and off-site development of a manufacturing facility. Terms of the agreement stipulate a ten-year repayment schedule with a zero percent interest rate. The agreement provides that ten percent of the loan, or \$100,000, shall be forgiven on December 30 of each year as long as the company maintains the appropriate level of job requirements. Trus Joist MacMillian is in substantial compliance with the terms of the agreement. As of June 30, 1998, the principal balance due was \$900,000.

C) Cintas Sales Corporation Receivable

The county loaned \$3,977,000 to Cintas Sales Corporation on March 2, 1994 for the purpose of constructing a manufacturing facility. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 25-year repayment schedule at an 8 percent interest rate. Cintas Sales Corporation is in substantial compliance with terms of the agreement. As of June 30, 1998, the principal balance due was \$3,739,585.

Note 5. Short-Term Debt

A) Due From General Fund

During fiscal year ended June 30, 1994, the general fund paid architecture fees on behalf of the Perry County Public Properties Corporation Fund in the amount of \$27,600. Subsequent to the disbursement, the Perry County Public Properties Corporation reimbursed the general fund twice for the same disbursement. As of June 30, 1998, this error had not been corrected and the general fund owes the Public Properties Fund \$27,600.

B) Due From Transient Tax Fund

During fiscal year ended June 30, 1995, the transient tax fund erroneously deposited a \$53 check from the Perry County Sheriff that should have been deposited in the Forestry Fund. As of June 30, 1998, this error had not been corrected and the transient tax fund owes the forestry fund \$53.

C) Bank Note

The county borrowed \$57,000 from Fifth Third Bank on June 11, 1998. The proceeds of the note were used to pay financing expenses relating to the issuance of a Kentucky Area Development District Lease. Terms of the note stipulate a variable interest rate, with the principal amount due at the December 30, 1998 maturity date. As of June 30, 1998, the principal amount outstanding was \$57,000.

Note 6. Long-Term Debt

On September 1, 1993, the Perry County Public Properties Corporation issued a public project refunding and improvement bond. Principal is payable annually on March 1 and interest is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1. The following represents bond debt service requirements:

Scheduled		
000		
000		
000		
000		
000		
000		
000		

Note 7. Lease-Purchase Agreements

A) The county entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties for the purchase of voting machines on December 22, 1994. Terms of the agreement stipulate a ten-year repayment schedule with variable monthly interest payments and variable annual principal payments. The following represents bond debt service requirements:

Liabilities of the Fund are:

Fiscal Year	Inte	rest and			
Ending	Oth	er Fees	Principal		
June 30, 1999	\$	9,151	\$	20,000	
June 30, 2000		7,721		21,000	
June 30, 2001		6,221		22,000	
June 30, 2002		4,622		24,000	
June 30, 2003		2,912		25,000	
June 30, 2004		1,103		27,000	
Total	\$	31,730	\$	139,000	

B) The county entered into a capital lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties for the purchase of ambulances on January 13, 1997. Terms of the agreement stipulate a five-year repayment schedule with variable monthly interest payments and variable annual principal payments. The following represents bond debt service requirements:

Liabilities of the Fund are:

Fiscal Year	Intere		Principal			
Ending	Other	rees	Princi	граг		
June 30, 1999 June 30, 2000 June 30, 2001 June 30, 2002	\$	4,314 3,184 1,995 747	\$	19,000 20,000 21,000 22,000		
Total	\$	10,240	\$	82,000		

C) On May 14, 1998, the county entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District Financing Trust for the purpose of refinancing a bank note. Terms of the lease agreement stipulate a 20-year repayment schedule. The lease agreement requires semiannual lease agreements and annual principal payments. The following represents lease debt service requirements

Fiscal Year	Interest and			
Ending	Oth	Other Fees		cipal
June 30, 1999	\$	109,141	\$	60,000
June 30, 2000		101,452		60,000
June 30, 2001		98,663		65,000
June 30, 2002		95,640		65,000
June 30, 2003		92,618		70,000
Amount Thereafter		822,550		1,610,000
Total	\$	1,320,064	\$	1,930,000

Note 8. Unpaid Obligations

As of June 30, 1998, the county was liable for \$706,855 in claims incurred by the General Fund; Road Fund claims of \$10,794; Jail Fund claims of \$16,402; and Local Government Economic Assistance Fund claims of \$3,235.

Note 9. Operating Leases

- A) The county entered into a lease agreement with GMAC for a 1996 Chevrolet K-3500 Crew Cab Pickup on April 12, 1996. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 3-year repayment schedule, with fixed monthly payments of \$775.
- B) The county entered into a lease agreement with GMAC for a 1996 Chevrolet Blazer on March 28, 1996. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 3-year repayment schedule, with fixed monthly payments of \$475.

Note 10. Perry County Public Properties Corporation June 30, 1998 Cash Balance

The Statement of Assets, Liabilities, And Fund Balances Arising From Cash Transactions and the Statement of Cash Receipts, Cash Disbursements, And Changes In Cash Balances shows a cash balance of \$588,432 in the Perry County Public Properties Corporation Fund. This balance is the result of financial transactions for the bank statements that were examined by auditors. It came to our attention that there were other bank statements for the Perry County Public Properties Corporation Fund that we did not examine. The Perry County Public Properties Corporation is not included on the County's financial statements; therefore, we do not know if there was additional activity in the fund.

Note 11. Related Party Transactions

During fiscal year ending, June 30, 1998, the fiscal court paid \$10,343 to Perry County News for notices and advertisements. Perry County News is partly owned by former Deputy Judge/Executive Clifford R. Walters.

Note 12. Subsequent Events

On May 6, 1999, former Perry County Judge/Executive, Sherman Neace, was indicted in the United States District Court, Eastern District of Kentucky, on five (5) counts of mail fraud and five (5) counts of money laundering, all in violation of federal law. These charged offenses allegedly occurred during 1995 and 1996 when Mr. Neace was Perry County Judge/Executive. On January 21, 2000, Mr. Neace entered into a plea agreement with the United States Attorney, in which he agreed to plead guilty to one count of mail fraud, and the United States agreed to recommend that the remaining nine (9) counts be dismissed. On April 10, 2000, Mr. Neace was convicted of one count of mail fraud, and received a sentence of 15 months in federal prison.

Note 13. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998, Perry County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Insurance Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.



COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL OPERATING REVENUE

PERRY COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL OPERATING REVENUE

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998

Budgeted Funds	Ope	Budgeted Operating Revenue		Actual Operating Revenue		er der) lget
General Fund	\$	2,571,840	\$	1,974,213	\$	(597,627)
Road and Bridge Fund		1,156,206		976,442		(179,764)
Jail Fund		473,157		176,103		(297,054)
Local Government Economic Assistance Fund		1,835,229		1,518,447		(316,782)
E-911 Fund		258,000		275,498		17,498
Transient Tax Fund		20,000				(20,000)
Forestry Fund		6,000		6,120		120
Community Development Block Grant-						
Buckhorn Water Project Fund		921,527		512,465		(409,062)
Local Government Economic Development-						
Multi-County Fund		569,679		14,717		(554,962)
Local Government Economic Development-						
Perry County Manufacturing Fund		549,658		549,658		
Totals	\$	8,361,296	\$	6,003,663	\$	(2,357,633)
Reconciliation						
Total Budgeted Operating Revenue Above					\$	8,361,296
Add: Budgeted Prior Year Surplus						345,836
Less: Other Financing Uses						(2,290,194)
Total Operating Budget Per Comparative Schedule						
Of Final Budget and Budgeted Expenditures					\$	6,416,938





PERRY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998

	Tot (Me On	emorandum	Ger Fur		Road and Bridge Fund		Jail Fund	
Revenue From Local Taxes and Excess Fees								
Sheriff:								
Property Taxes	\$	803,486	\$	800,252	\$		\$	
Unmined Coal Taxes		225,750		225,750				
Advertising Fees		1,136		1,136				
County Clerk:								
Deed Transfer Tax		42,054		42,054				
Occupational Licenses		10,437		10,437				
Delinquent Taxes		40,560		40,560				
Motor Vehicle Property Taxes		171,082		171,082				
Excess Fees		100,000		100,000				
Occupational Employment Tax								
Insurance Premium Tax								
In Lieu of Taxes:								
Tennessee Valley Authority								
U.S. Treasurer								
Other in Lieu Payments								
Totals	\$	1,394,505	\$	1,391,271	\$	0	\$	0
U.S. Treasurer								
Payments In Lieu of Taxes Section Eight Housing Assistance Army Corps of Engineers-	\$	2,886	\$		\$		\$	
Buckhorn Water Project		31,458						
	_		_	_	_	_	_	
Totals	_\$_	34,344	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

PERRY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998 (Continued)

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund	E-911 Fund	Forestry Fund	Community Development Block Grant Buckhorn Water Project Fund	Local Government Economic Development Multi-County Fund	Local Government Economic Development Perry County Manufacturing Fund
\$	\$	\$ 3,234	\$	\$	\$
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 3,234	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$	\$	\$ 2,886	\$	\$	\$
		_	31,458		
\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 2,886	\$ 31,458	\$ 0	\$ 0

PERRY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998 (Continued)

	Perry County Area Development Fund	Public Properties Corporation
Revenue From Local Taxes		
and Excess Fees		
Sheriff:		
Property Taxes Unmined Coal Taxes Advertising Fees County Clerk: Deed Transfer Tax Occupational Licenses Delinquent Taxes Motor Vehicle Property Taxes Excess Fees Occupational Employment Tax Insurance Premium Tax In Lieu of Taxes: Tennessee Valley Authority	\$	\$
U.S. Treasurer Other in Lieu Payments		
Other in Lieu Fayments	-	
Totals	\$ 0	\$ 0
<u>U.S. Treasurer</u>		
Payments In Lieu of Taxes Section Eight Housing Assistance Army Corps of Engineers- Buckhorn Water Project	\$	\$
Totals	\$ 0	\$ 0



PERRY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUE Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998 (Continued)

	Tota (Me: Only	morandum	Gene Fund		Roa Brid Fund	•	Jail Fund	i
Federal Receipts - State Treasurer								
Disaster and Emergency Assistance Grants - Coordinator Salary Community Development Block	\$	11,512	\$		\$		\$	
Grants - Buckhorn Water Project		58,000						
National Forestry Receipts		1,693				1,693		
Totals	\$	71,205	\$	0	\$	1,693	\$	0
Kentucky State Treasurer								
Jail:								
Allotments	\$	105,569	\$		\$		\$	105,569
Medical Allotments		7,493						7,493
Driving Under The Influence Fees		11,779						11,779
Court Costs, Jail Operation		22,247						22,247
Social Security Administration		9,000						9,000
County Road Aid		742,815				742,815		
Snow Removal		135,372						
Rural and Municipal Aid		7,000				7,000		
Truck License Distribution		151,651				151,651		
Road Energy Recovery		34,816				34,816		
Public Service Company		6,588		6,588				
Fire Protection		1,421		1,421				
Strip Mine Permits		81,144		81,144				
Courthouse Rental - Administrative								
Office of the Courts		80,507		80,507				
Coal County Development		549,658						
Refunds:								
Legal Process Tax		189		189				
Drivers Licenses		2,883				2,883		
Dog Licenses		12						
Delinquent Taxes		16		16				
State Reimbursement/Refund		11,181		11,181				
Severance Taxes:								
Coal		749,881						
Mineral		323,616						

				Community	Local	Government
Loca	1			Development	Government	Economic
Gove	rnment			Block Grant	Economic	Development
Econ	omic			Buckhorn	Development	Perry County
Assis	stance	E-911	Forestry	Water Project	Multi-County	Manufacturing
Fund		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
\$	11,512	\$	\$	\$ 58,000	\$	\$
\$	11,512	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 58,000	\$ 0	\$ 0
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

135,372

549,658

12

749,881 323,616

	Perry County Area Development Fund	Public	
Federal Receipts - State Treasurer			
Disaster and Emergency Assistance Grants - Coordinator Salary Community Development Block Grants - Buckhorn Water Project National Forestry Receipts	\$	\$	
Totals	. \$	0 \$	0
Kentucky State Treasurer			
Jail: Allotments Medical Allotments Driving Under The Influence Fees Court Costs, Jail Operation	\$	\$	
Social Security Administration County Road Aid Snow Removal Rural and Municipal Aid			
Truck License Distribution Road Energy Recovery Public Service Company			
Fire Protection Strip Mine Permits Courthouse Rental - Administrative Office of the Courts			
Coal County Development Refunds:			
Legal Process Tax Drivers Licenses Dog Licenses Delinquent Taxes			
State Reimbursement/Refund Severance Taxes: Coal Mineral			



	Tota (Me Only	morandum	Gener Fund	ral	Road a Bridge Fund		Jail Fund	
Kentucky State Treasurer								
Board of Assessments Omitted Tangible Tax National Forest Receipts	\$	400 14,237	\$	400 14,237			\$	
Motor Vehicle Tax Grants: Kentucky Law Enforcement		33,204		33,204				
Program Disaster and Emergency Assistance Grant -		22,351		22,351				
Coordinator Salary Department of Parks-		379						
Buckhorn Water Project		245,958						
Multi-County Project		14,717						
Totals	\$	3,366,084	\$	251,238	\$	939,165	\$	156,088
Miscellaneous Revenue								
Interest	\$	46,359	\$	30,415	\$	11,640	\$	
Jail: Telephone Commission Refunds Cintas Sales Corporation:		18,036						18,036
Job Assessment Fees Reimbursement - Ambulance Service		179,948						
Lease Payment		22,462						
Telephone Surcharge		275,498						
Recycling		1,552						
Cornettsville Bridge Project		143,944				23,944		
Swimming Pool Receipts		8,752		8,752		ŕ		
Refunds		292		292				
Rentals		7,420		7,420				
Solid Waste Franchise Fees		239,833		150,656				
Telephone Commissions		294		294				
Surplus Machinery and Equipment Sales	3	166,333		115,703				

50,630

Eco	vernment onomic sistance	E-91 Fund		Forestry Fund		Dev Bloc Buc	nmunity elopment ek Grant khorn er Project	Econ Deve	ernment omic elopment i-County	Ecor Dev Perr	rernment momic relopment ry County nufacturing d
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
	379						245,958				
\$	1 200 260	\$	0	ф	0	\$	245.059	\$	14,717	\$	540 659
<u> </u>	1,209,260	Ф	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	245,958	<u> </u>	14,717	Φ	549,658
\$	4,270	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
	22,462		275,498								
	1,552 120,000		273,496								
	89,177										

<u>, </u>	Perry County Area Development Fund		Public Properties Corporation	
Kentucky State Treasurer				
Board of Assessments Omitted Tangible Tax National Forest Receipts Motor Vehicle Tax Grants: Kentucky Law Enforcement Program Disaster and Emergency Assistance Grant - Coordinator Salary Department of Parks- Buckhorn Water Project Multi-County Project	\$		\$	
Totals	\$	0	\$	0
Miscellaneous Revenue				
Interest Jail: Telephone Commission Refunds Cintas Sales Corporation: Job Assessment Fees	\$	34	\$	179,948
Reimbursement - Ambulance Service Lease Payment Telephone Surcharge Recycling Cornettsville Bridge Project Swimming Pool Receipts Refunds Rentals Solid Waste Franchise Fees Telephone Commissions Surplus Machinery and Equipment Sales				



			General Fund		Road and Bridge Fund		Jail Fund	
Miscellaneous Revenue								
Vending Machines Payments From Sheriff Employee Insurance Reimbursement Presbyterian Child Welfare-	\$	253 15,669 2,525	\$	253 15,669	\$		\$	
Buckhorn Water Project Miscellaneous Items		177,049 11,288		2,250				1,979
Totals	\$	1,317,507	\$	331,704	\$	35,584	\$	20,015
Total Operating Revenue	\$	6,183,645	\$	1,974,213	\$	976,442	\$	176,103

					Con	nmunity	Loca	1	Gov	ernment
Local				Dev	elopment	Gove	rnment	Eco	nomic	
Government				Bloc	k Grant	Economic		Development		
Economic					Buckhorn		Development		Perr	y County
Assistance	E-91	1	Foresti	·y	Water Project		Multi	-County	Manufacturing	
Fund	Fund	1	Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund	d
\$ 2,525	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
						177,049				
7,059						, -				
\$ 297,675	\$	275,498	\$	0	\$	177,049	\$	0	\$	0
								_		
\$ 1,518,447	\$	275,498	\$	6,120	\$	512,465	\$	14,717	\$	549,658

	Perry County Area Development Fund	Public Properties Corporation		
Miscellaneous Revenue				
Vending Machines Payments From Sheriff Employee Insurance Reimbursement Presbyterian Child Welfare- Buckhorn Water Project Miscellaneous Items	\$	\$		
Totals	. \$ 34	\$ 179,948		
Total Operating Revenue	\$ 34	\$ 179,948		

COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

PERRY COUNTY COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF FINAL BUDGET AND BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998

	Final Budget	Budgeted Expenditures	Under (Over) Budget
GENERAL FUND			
General Government			
Office of County Judge/Executive: Salaries-			
County Judge/Executive	\$ 46,376	\$ 46,376	\$
Deputy County Judge/Executive	3,600		
Finance Officer	42,300	•	
Secretaries	17,687	17,687	
Office Materials and Supplies	7,717	7,717	
Computer Materials	290	290	
Other Materials and Supplies	803	803	
NCECE Membership Dues	303	303	
Postage	346	346	
Miscellaneous	990	990	
Office of County Attorney: Salaries-			
County Attorney	33,297	33,297	
Assistant County Attorney	1,800	1,800	
Other Salaries	9,583	9,583	
Postage	701	701	
Office of County Clerk:			
Office Materials and Supplies	20,275	20,275	
Tax Bill Preparation	10,820	10,820	
Water	512	512	
Office of Sheriff:			
Unemployment Insurance	4,791	4,791	
Advertising Tax Bills	334	334	
Matching Share	9,400	9,400	
Bond	1,314	1,314	
Insurance	10,931	10,931	
Water	305	305	
Communication Equipment	3,726	3,726	

GENERAL FUND (Continued)	Final Budget	Budgeted Expenditures	Under (Over) Budget
General Government (Continued)			
Office of County Coroner:			
Salaries-			
County Coroner	\$ 18,630 \$	18,630 \$	
Deputy Coroner	4,200	4,200	
Autopsies and Attendant Service	8,158	8,158	
Fiscal Court:			
Magistrates-			
Salaries	58,841	58,841	
Expense Allowance	10,800	10,800	
Advertising	37,994	37,994	
Other Contracted Services	1,500	1,500	
Motor Vehicle Parts	340	340	
Chamber of Commerce	725	725	
Fiscal Court Contribution	9,167	9,167	
Fiscal Court Medical	467	467	
Membership Dues	1,223	1,223	
Registrations, Conferences, and Training	820	820	
Travel	2,063	2,063	
Water	2,045	2,045	
Miscellaneous	923	923	
Office of Property Valuation Administrator:			
Statutory Contribution	34,379	34,379	
Office of Board of Assessment Appeals:			
Miscellaneous	800	800	
Office of County Treasurer:			
County Treasurer Salary	5,040	5,040	
Bond	609	609	
County Law Library:			
Law Librarian Salary	1,200	1,200	

GENERAL FUND (Continued)	Final Budget	Budg Expe	eted nditures	Under (Over) Budget
General Government (Continued)				
Office of District Court Clerk:				
Contracts With Private Agencies	\$ 7,760	\$ 7,760	\$	
Legal Fees	1,250	1,250		
Psychiatric Evaluations	6,250	6,250		
Trial Commissioner:				
Miscellaneous	2,667	2,667		
Elections:				
Per Diem-				
Election Commissioners	11,225	11,225		
Election Officers	6,960	6,960		
Other Fees	840	840		
Advertising	1,923	1,923		
Polling Places	400	400		
Printing	11,533	11,533		
Miscellaneous	100	100		
Courthouse:				
Salaries-				
Janitor Salaries	71,791	71,791		
Maintenance and Repairs	54,961	54,961		
Pest Control	3,000	3,000		
Elevator Maintenance	2,334	2,334		
Custodial Supplies	45,225	45,225		
Paint	1,184	1,184		
Plumbing Supplies	5,004	5,004		
Other Materials and Supplies	359	359		
Electrical Repairs	21,159	21,159		
Heating and Air Conditioning	5,016	5,016		
Medical Supplies	1,010	1,010		
Utilities	153,094	153,094		
Other County Properties:				
Land Acquisition	9,500	9,500		

	Final Budget	Budgeto Expend		
GENERAL FUND (Continued)				
Protection to Persons and Property				
Juvenile Detention:				
Transporting Juveniles	\$ 1,362 \$	1,362	5	
Constables:				
Travel	8,700	8,700		
Disaster and Emergency Services:				
Advertising	3,475	3,475		
Sewage System:				
Transport Lines	9,610	9,610		
Other Social Service Programs				
LKLP Matching Grant	800	800		
Transportation Facilities:				
Salaries	18,437	18,437		
Office Supplies	8,750	8,450	300	
Debt Service:				
Kentucky Association of Counties-				
Lease Voting Machines-				
Interest	8,175	8,975	(800)	
Kentucky Advance Revenue Program-				
Interest		21,687	(21,687)	
Bank Note:				
Interest	25,000	25,000		
General Services:				
Bank Charges	1,000	1,000		

Final Budget		_			
\$ 50,269	\$	50,269	\$		
419		419			
186,724		186,724			
7,626		7,626			
1,320		1,320			
1,100		1,100			
519		519			
300		300			
2,500		2,500			
4,017		4,017			
1,197		1,205		(8)	
46,297		46,297			
82,537		82,537			
94,381		94,381			
89,571		89,571			
 24,937		24,937			
\$ 1,531,693	\$	1,553,888	\$	(22,195)	
18,000		18,000			
57,796		1,857,188		(1,799,392)	
				•	
1 014 350		1.014.350			
 1,014,550		1,01 1,000			
	\$ 50,269 419 186,724 7,626 1,320 1,100 519 300 2,500 4,017 1,197 46,297 82,537 94,381 89,571 24,937 \$ 1,531,693	\$ 50,269 \$ 419 186,724 7,626 1,320 1,100 519 300 2,500 4,017 1,197 46,297 82,537 94,381 89,571 24,937 \$ 1,531,693 \$ 18,000 57,796	Budget Expe \$ 50,269 \$ 50,269 419 419 186,724 186,724 7,626 7,626 1,320 1,320 1,100 1,100 519 519 300 300 2,500 2,500 4,017 4,017 1,197 1,205 46,297 46,297 82,537 82,537 94,381 94,381 89,571 24,937 \$ 1,531,693 \$ 1,553,888 18,000 18,000 57,796 1,857,188	Budget Expenditu \$ 50,269 \$ 50,269 \$ 419 419 419 419 186,724 186,724 7,626 7,626 7,626 1,320 1,100 1,100 519 300 300 2,500 2,500 4,017 4,017 1,197 1,205 46,297 46,297 82,537 94,381 94,381 89,571 24,937 \$ 1,531,693 \$ 1,553,888 \$ 1,553,888 \$ 18,000 57,796 1,857,188	Final Budget (Over) Expenditures Budget \$ 50,269 \$ 50,269 \$ 419 419 186,724 186,724 7,626 7,626 1,320 1,320 1,100 519 519 300 300 2,500 2,500 4,017 4,017 1,197 1,205 (8) 46,297 46,297 82,537 94,381 94,381 89,571 89,571 24,937 24,937 \$ 1,531,693 \$ 1,553,888 \$ (22,195)

(Continued)	Final Budget	Budg Expe	eted nditure	Under (Over) s Budget
ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND				
Roads				
Office of Road Supervisor/Engineer: Road Foreman Salary	\$ 22,680	\$ 22,680	\$	
Road Maintenance: Road Laborer Salaries Materials and Supplies	401,671 492,610	373,412 486,359		28,259 6,251
Debt Service: Kentucky Advance Revenue Program- Interest		3,897		(3,897)
Lease Purchase Payments: 1996 Chevrolet F3500 1996 Chevrolet Blazer		3,875 2,376		(3,875) (2,376)
Administration				
General Services: National Forestry Receipts to School	1,000	846		154
Fringe Benefits: County Contributions- Retirement Social Security	 43,000 38,000	 34,268 27,472		8,732 10,528
Total Operating Budget	\$ 998,961	\$ 955,185	\$	43,776
Other Financing Uses: Kentucky Advance Revenue Program- Principal	 182,245	 182,245		
Total Road and Bridge Fund	\$ 1,181,206	\$ 1,137,430	\$	43,776

JAIL FUND		Final Budget		Budg Expe	geted nditures	Under (Over) Budget
Protection to Persons and Property						
Office of Jailer:						
Personnel Services-						
Salaries-						
Jailer	\$	47,551	\$	47,551	\$	
Jail Personnel	Ф	250,838	Ф	250,838	φ	
Operations-		230,636		230,036		
Cleaning Supplies		10,112		10,112		
Contracts With Other Counties		14,217		14,217		
Equipment Repair		852		852		
Contract Labor		17,430		17,430		
Food		76,662		76,662		
Machinery and Equipment		550		550		
Office Supplies		1,067		1,067		
Prisoner Hygiene		2,780		2,780		
Routine Medical		33,999		33,999		
Staff Uniforms		2,035		2,035		
Materials and Supplies		1,053		1,053		
Water		423		423		
Maintenance and Repairs		606		606		
Staff Travel		60		60		
Miscellaneous		274		274		
Vehicles		235		235		
Housing Prisoners - Other Counties		24,675		24,675		
Trousing Prisoners - Other Counties		24,073		24,073		
Administration						
General Services:						
Association Dues		30		30		
Jail/Bonds		438		438		
Staff Training		1,191		1,191		
Bank Charges		508		508		
Fringe Benefits:						
County Contributions-						
Retirement		24,190		24,190		
Social Security		20,979		20,979		
Total Jail Fund	\$	532,755	\$	532,755	\$	0_

	E: 1		D 1	. 1	Under	
	Final Budget		Budge	etea iditures	(Over)	
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC <u>ASSISTANCE FUND</u>	 Budget		Exper	iditures	Budget	
General Government						
Economic Development:						
Contracted Service	\$ 7,094	\$		\$	7,094	
Contribution	3,911		3,911			
Protection to Persons and Property						
County Fire Department:						
Contributions	12,405]	12,406		(1)	
Insurance	38,168	3	38,168			
Utilities	3,651		3,651			
Communication Equipment	1,400		1,400			
Disaster and Emergency Services:						
Coordinator Salary	28,173	2	28,172		1	
Supplies and Materials	1,262		1,262			
Travel	500				500	
Miscellaneous	1,000		348		652	
Ambulance Service:						
Paraprofessionals	5,316		2,374		2,942	
Commonwealth Attorney:						
Matching Share	7,200		7,200			
Office of Public Defender:						
Public Advocacy Program	3,785		3,785			
General Health and Sanitation						
Dog Control:						
Dog Warden	6,608		6,608			
Supplies and Maintenance	1,296		1,296			

	Final	Duda	atad	Under (Over)	
	Budget	Budg	nditures	(Over) Budget	
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC <u>ASSISTANCE FUND</u> (Continued)	Buuget	Ехре	natures	Buuget	
General Health and Sanitation (Continued)					
Animal Shelter:					
Worker's Compensation	\$ 526	\$ 526	\$		
Food and Supplies	10,000	5,000		5,000	
Liability Insurance	3,291	3,291			
Miscellaneous	40	40			
Landfill:					
Contracts With Engineers	5,000			5,000	
Engineering Services	14,533	14,532		1	
Solid Waste Pick-Up	5,000	5,000			
Director	23,000	22,680		320	
Materials and Supplies	104	104			
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000			
Other Health Programs:					
Speech Clinic	1,000			1,000	
•					
Soil and Water Conservation:					
Program Support	10,000	10,000			
Social Services					
Services to Indigents:					
Burned Homes	5,000	1,400		3,600	
Senior Citizens Programs:					
Salaries-					
Other Salaries	13,000	12,792		208	
Contributions	16,493	16,493			
Miscellaneous	172	172			
General Charity And Welfare:					
Community Ministries	5,000	3,000		2,000	
	-,000	-,000		,	

(Commuca)	Final	E	Budgeted	Under (Over)
	Budget	<u>E</u>	Expenditures	Budget
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC <u>ASSISTANCE FUND</u> (Continued)				
Recreation and Culture				
Parks:				
County Parks Salaries	\$ 44,125	\$ 44,	125 \$	
Parks/Rentals	631	(531	
Contract Labor	29,951	29,9	951	
Antifreeze	37		37	
Plumbing Supplies	6,442	6,4	142	
Supplies and Equipment	49,379	49,3	379	
Materials and Supplies	150]	150	
Licenses	125	1	125	
Other Recreations Programs:				
Little League	1,000			1,000
Public Libraries:				
Literacy Program	2,500			2,500
Roads				
Office of Road Supervisor/Engineer:				
Office Materials and Supplies	859,430	859,4	430	
Other Capital Outlays	3,000	3,0	000	
Airports:				
Other Debt Service	20,000			20,000
Borrowed Money:				
Kentucky Association of Counties				
Ambulance Lease Interest Payment	4,462	4,4	462	
Other County Liabilities:				
Lease Purchase Payments-				
1996 Chevrolet F350	5,424	5,4	424	
1996 Chevrolet Blazer	3,327	3,3	327	

(Continued)					TT 1
	Final Budget		Budg Expe	eted nditur	Under (Over) es Budget
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC <u>ASSISTANCE FUND</u> (Continued)					
Administration					
General Services: Judgements and Levies Miscellaneous	\$ 112 106	\$	112 109	\$	(3)
Fringe Benefits: County Contributions- Retirement Social Security Health Insurance	7,403 8,285 131,670		7,403 8,285 131,670		
Total Operating Budget	\$ 1,412,487	\$	1,360,673	\$	51,814
Other Financing Uses: Kentucky Association of Counties- Ambulance - Principal	18,000		18,000		
Transfers to Public Properties Corporation Fund	449,461		434,051		15,410
Total Local Government Economic Assistance Fund	\$ 1,879,948	_\$_	1,812,724	\$	67,224
<u>E-911 FUND</u>					
Protection to Persons and Property					
911 Service Radio Dispatchers Salary Telephone Software Development	\$ 160,000 16,324 359	\$	158,796 16,324 359	\$	1,204
Engineering Services Maintenance and Repairs-	1,000		5 102		1,000
911 Equipment Office Equipment Office Supplies Mapping Service	5,103 2,000 5,841 53,256		5,103 1,063 5,841 53,256		937

(Continues)	Final	Budg		Under (Over)
	Budget	Expe	nditures	Budget
E-911 FUND (Continued)				
Protection to Persons and Property (Continued)				
Internet Membership	\$ 600	\$ 415	\$	185
Conferences	537	537		
Renewals and Repairs	216	216		
Water	169	169		
Miscellaneous	1,000	208		792
Capital Projects				
Equipment:				
Communication Equipment	150,559	150,559		
Administration				
Fringe Benefits County Contributions				
Social Security	12,500	11,683		817
Retirement	13,000	10,518		2,482
Contingent Appropriations:				
Reserve For Budget Transfer	 1,372	 		1,372
Total E-911 Fund	\$ 423,836	\$ 415,047	\$	8,789
TRANSIENT TAX FUND				
Recreation and Culture				
Tourist and Convention:				
Contributions	\$ 20,000	\$ 14,662	\$	5,338

FORESTRY FUND	Final Budget	Budg Expe	eted nditure	Under (Over) Budget
Protection to Persons and Property				
Forest Fire Protection:				
Program Support	\$ 3,741	\$ 3,524	\$	217
Judgements	 2,259	 2,259		
Total Forestry Fund	\$ 6,000	\$ 5,783	\$	217
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT - BUCKHORN WATER <u>PROJECT FUND</u>				
Capital Projects				
Other Capital Projects:				
Contracted Construction	\$ 921,527	\$ 828,436	\$	93,091
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC <u>DEVELOPMENT - MULTI-COUNTY FUND</u>				
Capital Projects:				
Capital Outlay:	\$ 569,679	 14,717	\$	554,962
LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT - PERRY COUNTY MANUFACTURING FUND				
Other Financing Uses: Borrowed Money-				
Bank Note Principal	\$ 550,342	\$ 360,000	\$	190,342

	Final Budget	Budg Expe	Under (Over) res Budget
Total Operating Budget - All Funds	\$ 6,416,938	\$ 5,681,146	\$ 735,792
Other Financing Uses:			
Transfers to Public Properties			
Corporation Fund	449,461	434,051	15,410
Kentucky Association of Counties			
Voting Machines-Principal	18,000	18,000	
Ambulance-Principal	18,000	18,000	
Borrowed Money			
Bank Note Principal	608,138	2,217,188	(1,609,050)
Kentucky Advance Revenue Program-			
Principal	 1,196,595	 1,196,595	
TOTAL BUDGET - ALL FUNDS	\$ 8,707,132	\$ 9,564,980	\$ (857,848)

SCHEDULE OF UNBUDGETED EXPENDITURES

PERRY COUNTY SCHEDULE OF UNBUDGETED EXPENDITURES

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998

			Public	
	Area		Properties	
	Development		Corporation	
Expenditure Items	Fund		Fund	
Miscellaneous Interest	\$	2,792	\$	150,382
Totals	\$	2,792	\$	150,382



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON WORK PERFORMED



Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Honorable Denny Ray Noble, Perry County Judge/Executive Honorable Sherman Neace, Former Perry County Judge/Executive Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court

> Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On Work Performed

We were engaged to audit the financial statements of Perry County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 1998, and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2000, wherein we disclaimed an opinion on those financial statements based on our inability to rely on management's representations.

Compliance

As part of our work, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not our objective and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are reported in the accompanying comments and recommendations.

- County Funds Should Not Have Deficit Balances
- The Fiscal Court Should Pay Claims And Obligations Within Thirty Working Days
- Expenditures Should Not Exceed The Budgeted Amounts
- The Fiscal Court Should Budget All Funds
- The Quarterly Financial Status Report Should Include All Funds
- The Former County Treasurer's Annual Settlement Should Have Been Properly Prepared And Presented To The Fiscal Court
- The Former County Treasurer Did Not Keep A Separate Set Of Financial Records Or Reports Pursuant To KRS 68.020
- The County's Financial Statements And Records Should More Accurately Reflect The Transactions Of The County
- The Former County Treasurer Should Have Been Covered By Two Sureties On His Official Bond

Honorable Denny Ray Noble, Perry County Judge/Executive Honorable Sherman Neace, Former Perry County Judge/Executive Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On Work Performed (Continued)

Compliance (Continued)

- County Employees Should Not Be Treated As Independent Contractors
- The Fiscal Court Should Invest Moneys In Interest-Bearing Accounts
- The Fiscal Court Should Adopt A Written Investment Policy
- Related Party Transactions Should Be Reviewed By County Ethics Commission
- Financial Disclosure Statements Should Be Properly Prepared And Filed By All County Officials As Stipulated By The County Code Of Ethics
- The County Should Maintain A Schedule Of Federal Financial Assistance
- The County Should Have Required Depository Institutions To Pledge Additional Securities Of \$428,816 As Collateral And Entered Into A Written Agreement To Protect Deposits
- The Jailer Should Maintain Financial Records And Should Prepare An Annual Report For The Jail Canteen Account

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our work, we considered Perry County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our procedures and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Perry County's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations.

- Internal Controls Procedures Over Purchases Should Be Improved
- Former County Treasurer and Former County Judge/Executive Should Have Cosigned All Checks Written On County Treasury Funds
- The Former County Judge/Executive Should Have Presented All Claims To The Fiscal Court For Review
- Adequate Supporting Documentation Should Be Maintained For All Expenditures
- The Fiscal Court Should Annually Review The Administrative Code
- The County's Payroll Procedures Should Be Improved

Honorable Denny Ray Noble, Perry County Judge/Executive Honorable Sherman Neace, Former Perry County Judge/Executive Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On Work Performed (Continued)

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Continued)

- The Fiscal Court Should Adequately Segregate Duties Involving Receipts, Disbursements, And Payroll Categories
- Internal Controls Over County Rental Property Should Be Implemented
- Internal Controls Over County Swimming Pool Receipts Should Be Implemented
- Internal Controls Over Vending Machine Receipts Should Be Implemented
- The County Should Have An Inventory Control Ledger

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We consider all the reportable conditions described above to be material weaknesses.

- Internal Control Procedures Over Purchases Should Be Improved
- Former County Treasurer and Former County Judge/Executive Should Have Co-Signed All Checks Written on County Funds
- The Former County Judge/Executive Should Have Presented All Claims To The Fiscal Court For Review
- Adequate Supporting Documentation Should Be Maintained For All Expenditures
- The Fiscal Court Should Annually Review The Administrative Code
- The County's Payroll Procedures Should Be Improved
- The Fiscal Court Should Adequately Segregate Duties Involving Receipts, Disbursements, And Payroll Categories
- Internal Controls Over County Rental Property Should Be Implemented
- Internal Controls Over County Swimming Pool Receipts Should Be Implemented
- Internal Controls Over Vending Machine Receipts Should Be Implemented
- The County Should Have An Inventory Control Ledger

Honorable Denny Ray Noble, Perry County Judge/Executive Honorable Sherman Neace, Former Perry County Judge/Executive Members of the Perry County Fiscal Court Report On Compliance And On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based On Work Performed (Continued)

This report, upon release by the Auditor of Public Accounts, is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Respectfully submitted,

Edward B. Hatchett, Jr. Auditor of Public Accounts

Audit fieldwork completed - January 31, 2000

COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

PERRY COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 1998

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS CONSIDERED TO BE MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

1) <u>Internal Controls Procedures Over Purchases Should Be Improved</u>

Internal controls over purchases are significantly deficient and cannot be relied upon. We noted the following deficiencies relating to the county's purchasing procedures:

- There were no written procedures relating to purchases.
- Any county employee could request a purchase order without supervisor approval.
- The purchase orders did not indicate the appropriation account number to which the claim was posted.
- No amounts, such as quantity of product or cost of product, was required before a purchase order was issued.
- A purchase order was not required for all expenditures. Therefore, the county would pay for invoices even if a purchase order was not obtained.
- Purchase orders were issued in duplicate format. However, both copies were attached to the invoice. Since both copies were attached to the invoice, purchase orders could not be adequately accounted for.
- The county did not require employees to sign receiving tickets or invoices as evidence that the county received the goods.
- Management did not monitor purchases.

In an effort to strengthen internal controls over purchases, we recommend that the fiscal court correct the above deficiencies.

2) Former County Treasurer And Former County Judge/Executive Should Have Cosigned All Checks Written On County Funds

The former county treasurer did not cosign all checks drawn on county funds, they were only signed by the former county judge/executive. KRS 68.020 states that all warrants for the payment of funds from the county treasury shall be co-signed by the county treasurer and county judge/executive. We recommend that the county treasurer and county judge/executive cosign all checks written on county funds.

3) The Former County Judge/Executive Should Have Presented All Claims To The Fiscal Court For Review

We could not find where the former County Judge/Executive presented all claims to the fiscal court for their review. KRS 68.275(2) states the county judge/executive shall present all claims to the fiscal court for review prior to payment and the court, for good cause shown, may order that a claim not be paid. We recommend that the County Judge/Executive comply with KRS 68.275(2) and present all claims to the fiscal court for their review.

4) Adequate Supporting Documentation Should Be Maintained For All Expenditures

We found that adequate supporting documentation was not maintained for numerous county expenditures. We recommend no expenditures be paid until adequate documentation is presented to support the expenditure. We also recommend all supporting documentation be maintained for all checks drawn on county funds.

5) The Fiscal Court Should Annually Review The Administrative Code

The fiscal court adopted an administrative code on December 19, 1978 as required by KRS 68.005. However, we found no indication in the fiscal court order book that the administrative code has been reviewed annually. In addition, the administrative code did not contain the minimum standards as required by KRS 68.005. The county administrative code did not address the following requirements:

- Personnel administration, including description and classification of non-elected positions, selection, assignment, supervision, and discipline of employees, employee complaints and the county affirmative action program;
- County purchasing and award of contracts; or
- Delivery of county services.

KRS 68.005 also states the fiscal court shall review the county administrative code annually during the month of June and may by a two-thirds majority of the entire fiscal court amend the county administrative code at that time. We found no evidence that the fiscal court is reviewing the administrative code on an annual basis.

We recommend that the county review the administrative code annually as required by KRS 68.005. Furthermore, we recommend that the review of the administrative code be documented in the fiscal court order book. As evidence of the fiscal court approval, we recommend that a complete copy of the administrative code be recorded in the fiscal court order book.

6) The County's Payroll Procedures Should Be Improved

We found that the county did not maintain time cards for all employees. Review of the time cards that were maintained, revealed that they were not always signed by employees and/or their supervisor. Changes made to the time cards were not initialed as being an authorized change to the employee's time worked. We also found that the hours reported on two of the time cards examined did not agree with the hours the employee was paid for working. Personnel files did not contain documentation of fiscal court approval of salaries. The personnel files were not updated to reflect pay raises given since January 3, 1994. Therefore, we were unable to determine if the fiscal court approved pay rates at our test date. KRS 337.320 requires every employer to keep record of the hours worked each day and each week by each employee. We recommend that this KRS be complied with in the future by requiring all county employees to maintain time cards for time worked. We further recommend that, in an effort to strengthen internal controls over payroll, all time cards be signed by both the employee and supervisor, all changes made to the time card be initialed by the employee and supervisor, that time reported on the time cards agrees with hours the employees are paid for, and that personnel files be updated for pay raises given to county employees.

7) The Fiscal Court Should Adequately Segregate Duties Involving Receipts, Disbursements, And Payroll Categories

The Perry County fiscal court's receipts, disbursements, and payroll activities were not adequately segregated to prevent misstatements from occurring and not being detected. We recognize the extent of segregation of duties is a judgement established by management. We also recognize this judgement is affected by certain circumstances beyond the fiscal court's control, such as functions prescribed by statutes and regulations and by budgetary constraints. However, we recommend more oversight and supervision be established.

8) Internal Controls Over County Rental Property Should Be Implemented

Internal controls over county rental property income reporting and collections are deficient. We found no evidence that the fiscal court is approving rental fees. Also, we found no evidence that the county/judge executive reported delinquencies to the fiscal court. In particular, we were informed that the county treasurer, who is the County Judge/Executive's son, lives in one of the county's rental homes. From records made available to auditors, we could find no documentation that the treasurer paid rent during fiscal year 1998. In addition, prenumbered receipts were not issued for all rental receipts as required by the Uniform System of Accounts. We recommend that internal controls over the county's rental property be strengthened by having all rental fees approved by the fiscal court and by reporting all delinquencies to the fiscal court for appropriate action. In addition, we recommend that prenumbered receipts be issued for all rental receipts as required by the Uniform System of Accounts.

9) Internal Controls Over County Swimming Pool Receipts Should Be Implemented

The fiscal court has deficiencies in internal controls over receipts. The Uniform System of Accounts in KRS 68.210 and Technical Audit Bulletin #93-002 established under the authority of 45 KAR 1:070 sets out the internal control procedures for all county operations. We found that the fiscal court failed to meet minimum accounting requirements established under these authorities as evidenced by the following deficiencies:

- Daily deposits were not made;
- Daily check-out sheets were not maintained and reconciled with accounting records; and
- Prenumbered receipts were not utilized.

In addition, we noted the following:

- County employees responsible for collecting and/or handling pool receipts were not bonded;
 and
- Deposits were not adequately safeguarded.

We recommend that KRS 68.210 and Technical Audit Bulletin #93-002 be complied with in the future by implementing the internal controls over county pool receipts.

10) Internal Controls Over Vending Machine Receipts Should Be Implemented

The fiscal court has deficiencies in internal controls over receipts. The Uniform System of Accounts in KRS 68.210 and Technical Audit Bulletin #93-002 established under the authority of 45 KAR 1:070 sets out the internal control procedures for all county operations. We found that the fiscal court failed to meet minimum accounting requirements established under these authorities as evidenced by the following deficiencies:

Daily check-out sheets were not maintained and reconciled with accounting records;

In addition, we noted the following:

- County employees responsible for collecting and/or handling vending machine receipts were not bonded;
- Deposits were not adequately safeguarded;
- There were no receipts in place to reconcile vending machine inventory purchases and sales with accounting records.

We recommend that KRS 68.210 and Technical Audit Bulletin #93-002 be complied with in the future by implementing the internal controls over county vending machine receipts.

11) The County Should Have An Inventory Control Ledger

The county has failed to maintain an inventory control ledger of fixed assets. As a result, there is no record of current fixed assets owned by the county. The absence of an accurate inventory control system could also result in financial loss and potential liability to the county. We recommend an adequate inventory system be initiated and maintained by the county.

NONCOMPLIANCES

12) County Funds Should Not Have Deficit Balances

At June 30, 1998, county funds had the following deficit balances:

General Fund	\$ (742,272)
Jail Fund	\$ (13,951)

These deficits were caused by Perry County fiscal court obligating more money than was collected during fiscal year ended June 30, 1998. KRS 68.110 states the fiscal court shall not in any year expend money in excess of the amount annually levied and collected for that year. We recommend the Perry County fiscal court monitor their budget and cash flow to prevent future overspending.

13) The Fiscal Court Should Pay Claims And Obligations Within Thirty Working Days

We found that numerous invoices were not paid in a timely manner. KRS 65.140 states that all bills for goods or services shall be paid within thirty working days of receipt of vendor's invoice except when payment is delayed because the purchaser has made a written disapproval of improper invoicing by the vendor or by the vendor's subcontractor. We have adjusted the treasurer's financial statement to reflect the unpaid obligations at year-end as follows:

	Gener Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund		LGEA Fund	
Cash in Bank-June 30, 1998	\$	49,243	\$	90,234	\$	2,451	\$	93,454
Unpaid Obligations-June 30, 1998		(706,855)		(10,794)		(16,402)		(3,235)
Note Payable-June 30, 1998		(57,000)						
Due to Public Properties Corporation		(27,660)						
June 30, 1998-Ending Balance	\$	(742,272)	\$	79,440	\$	(13,951)	\$	90,219

We recommend that the practice of obligating county funds when adequate cash is not available to cover the expenditure be stopped. We further recommend that the county comply with KRS 65.140, which requires invoices to be paid within thirty working days.

14) Expenditures Should Not Exceed The Budgeted Amounts

Perry County exceeded total budgeted appropriated expenditures by \$857,848. KRS 68.300 states that any appropriation made or claim allowed by the fiscal court in excess of any budget fund, and any warrant or contract not within the budget appropriation shall be void. No member of the fiscal court shall vote for any such illegal appropriation or claim. KRS 68.280 states that the fiscal court may make provision for the expenditure of receipts unanticipated in the original budget by preparing an amendment to the budget, showing the source and amount of the unanticipated receipts and specifying the budget funds that are to be increased thereby. The amendment shall be submitted to the state local finance officer subject to the same provisions as the original budget. We recommend the fiscal court comply with these statutes in the future by making the appropriate budget amendments.

15) The Fiscal Court Should Budget All Funds

We found that the Area Development Fund was not included in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998 budget. KRS 68.240 requires the county judge/executive to annually prepare a proposed budget for the expenditure of all funds, including those from state and federal sources, which are to be expended by the fiscal court in the next fiscal year. We recommend that all funds be budgeted in the future.

16) The Quarterly Financial Status Report Should Include All Funds

The county judge/executive's quarterly financial report did not include information in regards to the Area Development Fund and the Perry County Public Properties Fund. This resulted in an incomplete reflection of the fiscal court's financial condition as of June 30, 1998. We recommend all county funds be included in the quarterly financial statements in the future.

17) The Former County Treasurer's Annual Settlement Should Have Been Properly Prepared And Presented To The Fiscal Court

The former county treasurer's annual settlement did not reflect the total amount of funds collected and received during the fiscal year from each individual source. Additionally, the former county treasurer did not present the county's annual settlement to the fiscal court for approval. KRS 68.020 requires the county treasurer to make a full and complete settlement within thirty days after the close of each fiscal year. We recommend the above KRS be complied with in the future by the county treasurer presenting a complete settlement to the fiscal court within 30 days after the close of each fiscal year.

18) The Former County Treasurer Did Not Keep A Separate Set Of Financial Records Or Reports Pursuant To KRS 68.020

The former county treasurer did not keep a record of receipts, disbursements, budget appropriations, and budget balances, as well as the cash balance of each fund as required by KRS 68.020. The county judge/executive's two finance officers, who are designees of the county judge/executive, performed all of these duties. The uniform system of accounts mandates that the function of the county treasurer be independent from the function of the finance officers. Internal controls over the treasury function are deficient since there is no separation of duties between the county treasurer and the finance officers. We recommend that the county treasurer keep financial records and make reports pursuant to KRS 68.020.

19) The County's Financial Statements And Records Should More Accurately Reflect The Transactions Of The County

During our test procedures, we noted the following deficiencies relating to the county's financial records:

- The county budget and financial statements were not detailed enough to be used as an effective monitoring tool;
- Several receipts were not classified correctly;
- A significant amount of receipts were posted to miscellaneous;
- Disbursements were not posted to the appropriate account; and
- Cash transfers between funds were sometimes posted as expenditures on the appropriations ledger;

According to the budget requirements established by the State Local Finance Officer, receipts and disbursements should be properly posted to their appropriate accounts in order to fairly indicate actual operating condition of the county. We recommend that the county comply with KRS 67.080 and with budget requirements established by the State Local Finance Officer by properly classifying receipts and disbursements.

20) The Former County Treasurer Should Have Been Covered By Two Sureties On His Official Bond

The former county treasurer was only covered by one surety on his official bond. KRS 68.010 requires the county treasurer to execute bond with at least two good sureties, to be approved by the fiscal court. We recommend the fiscal court promptly correct this violation.

21) County Employees Should Not Be Treated As Independent Contractors

We found that a significant number of individuals received payment for services provided to the county as contract labor. Therefore, no payroll taxes were withheld from payments made to these individuals. Many of these "independent contractors" performed the same duties as other county employees. In addition, we noted instances where time cards were maintained for some of these individuals even though they were paid as an independent contractor. Payments were made to the same individuals throughout the fiscal year. Pursuant to state law and federal law, payroll taxes must be withheld from salaries when an employee/employer relationship exists. Failure to do so can result in interest and penalties imposed by regulatory agencies. We recommend that the practice of accounting for employees as contract labor be stopped. Furthermore, we recommend that the county contact state and federal regulatory agencies for additional guidance on this issue.

22) The Fiscal Court Should Invest Moneys In Interest-Bearing Accounts

Perry County does not utilize interest-bearing bank accounts appropriately. The Jail Fund, E-911 Fund, Forestry Fund, Tourism Fund, LGED-Perry County Multi-County Fund, and the CDBG-Buckhorn Water Project Fund were not maintained in interest-bearing checking accounts. The use of interest-bearing accounts is a cash management practice that enables the county to obtain a greater benefit for its money. We recommend the county utilize interest-bearing accounts at all times.

23) The Fiscal Court Should Adopt A Written Investment Policy

The Perry County fiscal court has not adopted a written investment policy. The governing body of every local government or political subdivision that invests or reinvests money subject to its control or jurisdiction shall, by January 1, 1995, adopt a written investment policy that shall govern the investment of funds by the local government per KRS 66.480. We recommend that the Perry County fiscal court adopt an investment policy in order to comply with KRS 66.480.

24) Related Party Transactions Should Be Reviewed By County Ethics Commission

According to the county treasurer's settlement, the Perry County fiscal court paid \$10,343 to the Perry County News for newspaper notices and advertisements. Perry County News is partly owned by former Perry County Deputy Judge/Executive Clifford R. Walters. We recommend that the county ethics commission review the related party transaction for possible violation of the county ethics code.

25) Financial Disclosure Statements Should Be Properly Prepared And Filed By All County Officials As Stipulated By The County Code Of Ethics

The financial disclosure statements were not properly prepared and filed as required by the local county code of ethics. We reviewed financial disclosure statements on file in the county judge/executive's office. We noted the following deficiencies:

- We could not locate financial disclosure statements for all county officials;
- The financial disclosure statements that were on file were not dated;
- We were unable to determine if the financial disclosure statements were filed by the February 1 deadline stipulated in the county's code of ethics;
- The financial statements on file were not signed by the filer; and
- Financial disclosure statements were not on file with the local ethics commission.

We recommend that the Perry County Ethics Commission take action to correct the above deficiencies to be in compliance with the county's code of ethics.

26) The County Should Maintain A Schedule Of Federal Financial Assistance

The county did not maintain a schedule of federal financial assistance received and expended during fiscal year 1998. As a result, we spent a considerable amount of time determining whether or not a single audit would be conducted. A single audit is required if the county expends over \$300,000 in federal funds during a fiscal year. We recommend that the county maintain a schedule of all federal funds received and expended during the fiscal year. The schedule should show federal financial assistance by federal agency and department, as well as a total of all federal assistance received and expended for the fiscal year.

27) The County Should Have Required Depository Institutions To Pledge Additional Securities Of \$428,816 As Collateral And Entered Into A Written Agreement To Protect Deposits

The county's deposits were not adequately secured by \$428,816 as of August 13, 1997. Under provisions of KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), banks are required to provide pledges of securities for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing deposits if either exceeds the \$100,000 amount of insurance coverage provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The county should require the depository institution to pledge sufficient securities as collateral to insure deposits at all times. We also recommend the county enter into a <u>written</u> agreement with the depository institution. According to federal law, 12 U.S.C.A. § 1823(e), this agreement should be (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

28) The Jailer Should Maintain Financial Records And Should Prepare An Annual Report For The Jail Canteen Account

We found that the jailer does not prepare an annual jail canteen report for the county treasurer. Additionally, we found that the jailer does not maintain a receipts and disbursements ledger, daily checkout sheets, or bank reconciliations for the jail canteen account. KRS 441.135 states that the jailer shall keep books of accounts of all receipts and disbursements from the canteen and shall annually report to the county treasurer on the canteen account. KRS 68.210 states the minimum accounting and reporting standards as prescribed by the state local finance officer. We recommend the jailer comply with KRS 441.135 by preparing an annual report on the canteen account and submitting the report to the county treasurer. We also recommend that the jailer comply with KRS 68.210 by maintaining a receipts and disbursements ledger, daily checkout sheets, and bank reconciliations for the jail canteen account.

PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

- The County Should Have Required Depository Institutions To Pledge Additional Securities As Collateral And Entered Into A Written Agreement To Protect Deposits
- The Fiscal Court Should Pay Claims And Obligations Within Thirty Working Days
- Fiscal Court Should Adopt A Written Investment Policy
- County Treasurer And County Judge/Executive Should Co-Sign All Checks Written On County Funds
- The Former County Treasurer Should Have Been Covered By Two Sureties On His Official Bond
- The Fiscal Court Should Adequately Segregate Duties Involving Receipts, Disbursements, And Payroll Categories
- County Funds Should Not Have Deficit Balances
- Related Party Transactions Should Be Reviewed By County Ethics Commission